Technology-Based Models for Substance Abuse Treatment Delivery: Lessons Learned

Lisa A. Marsch, Ph.D. Director, Center for Technology and Health (CTH), National Development & Research Institutes (NDRI) and HealthSim, LLC New York, NY, USA

> <u>CTH Website:</u> <u>www.ndri.org/ctrs/cth.html</u> <u>Email:</u> marsch@ndri.org

Acknowledgement

Research funded by U.S. National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA), National Institutes of Health (NIH)

Dissemination of Evidence-based Psychosocial Treatment for Substance Use Disorders

 Technology-based therapeutic tools offer great promise for enabling the widespread dissemination of evidence-based treatment interventions targeting substance use disorders and other behavioral health issues.

Technology-based (e.g., computer-delivered, mobiletechnology delivered) interventions allow complex interventions to be delivered with fidelity at a low cost, without increasing demands on staff time or training needs, thus having high potential for widespread dissemination.

Potential Benefits of Technology-Delivered Interventions

Low Cost Accessible in a wide array of settings Easily exportable Fidelity/Replicability is assured May be less threatening when addressing sensitive topics Requires active responding Can be readily modified Permits temporal flexibility Permits more rapid diffusion May increase adoption of science-based interventions Tailoring/Customization Readily Accomplished Permits expansion of treatment

Our Research Focused on Promoting Widespread Reach of Evidence-based Substance Abuse Treatment

 We have developed and evaluated (in clinical trials research) technology-based interventions for substance abuse treatment among adults and adolescents.

Our results from this line of research have demonstrated that technology-based interventions can be as efficacious as sciencebased interventions delivered by highly trained therapists, costeffective, and highly acceptable to a wide variety of target populations

Overview of our Web-based Substance Abuse Treatment Programs

- <u>Therapeutic Education System (TES)</u>, an interactive, psychosocial intervention for substance use disorders, grounded in the Community Reinforcement Approach (CRA)
 + Contingency Management Behavior Therapy (Bickel, Marsch et al., 2008)
- <u>TES has been shown to be efficacious with opioid-dependent</u> individuals and is being evaluated with poly-substance users in community-based substance abuse treatment (NIDA's multi-site, Clinical Trials Network (CTN) platform
- <u>TES for cannabis use disorders</u> (currently developing/evaluating with Alan Budney, Ph.D.), integration of motivational enhancement therapy, CBT and contingency management
 - <u>Web-Based CRA for Adolescents</u> (primarily those with cannabis use disorders)

Evidence-Based Content is Critical – Ensure all content reflects empirically-based interventions

Our web-based Therapeutic Education System is grounded in the efficacious Community Reinforcement Approach (CRA) to behavior therapy.

List of Module Topics in Therapeutic Education System (TES)

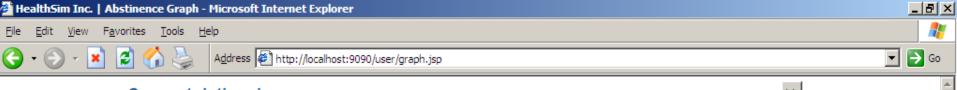
- 1 Training Module
- 2 What is a Functional Analysis?
- 3 Conducting a Functional Ánalysis
- 4 Sel-Management Planning
- 5 Drug Refusal Skills Training
- 6 Awareness of Negative Thinking
- 7 Managing Negative Thinking
- 8 Managing Thoughts About Using
- 9 Managing Negative Moods and Depression
- 10 Introduction to Problem Solving
- 11 Effective Problem Solving
- 12 Progressive Muscle Relaxation Training
- 13 Receiving Criticism
- 14 Seemingly Irrelevant Decisions
- 15 Other Drug Use
- 16 Coping with Thoughts About Using
- 17 Introduction to Assertiveness
- 18 How to Express Oneself in an Assertive Manner
- 19 Introduction to Anger Management
- 20 How to Become More Aware of the Feeling of Anger
- 21 Coping with Anger
- 22 Introduction to Relaxation Training
- 23 Progressive Muscle Relaxation Generalization
- 24 Introduction to Giving Criticism
- 25 Steps for Giving Constructive Criticism
- 26 Receiving Criticism
- 27 Giving and Receiving Compliments
- 28 Sharing Feelings
- 29 Vocational Counseling
- 30 Naltrexone
- 31 Limited Alcohol Use
- 32 Financial Management
- 33 Insomnia

- 34 Time Management
- 35 Relationship Counseling Part 1
- 36 Relationship Counseling Part 2
- 37 Relationship Counseling Part 3
- 38 Alcohol and Disulfiram
- 39 Communication Skills
- 40 Nonverbal Communication
- 41 Social Recreational Counseling
- 42 Attentive Listening
- 43 HIV and AIDS
- 44 Sexually transmitted infections (STIs)
- 45 Hepatitis
- 46 Sexual transmission of HIV and STIs
- 47 The Female Condom
- 48 Birth control use and HIV and STIs
- 49 Drug Use, HIV and Hepatitis
- 50 Alcohol use and risk for HIV, STIs and hepatitis
- 51 Getting Tested for HIV, STIs and Hepatitis
- 52 Finding More HIV, STI and Hepatitis Information
- 53 Negotiating Safer Sex
- 54 Decision-Making Skills
- 55 Identifying/managing triggers for risky sex
- 56 Identifying and Managing Triggers for Risky Drug Use
- 57 Increasing-Self-Confidence in Decision Making
- 58 Taking Responsibility for Choices
- 59 Living with Hep C: Managing Treatment, Promoting Health
- 60 Living with Hep C: Coping Skills
- 61 Living with HIV: Coping skills and managing stigma
- 62 Living with HIV: Comm. skills for disclosing HIV status
- 63 Living with HIV: Managing treatment and medications
- 64 Living with HIV: Drug use and Immune System
- 65 Living with HIV: Daily routines to promote health





Login Name
Password
Login

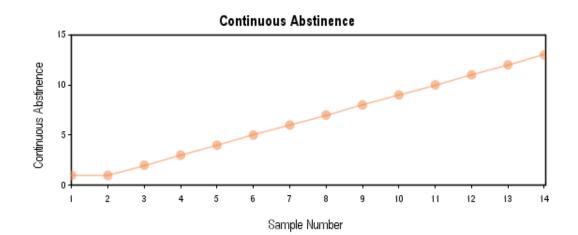


Congratulations!

Click the (>>) button to continue >>

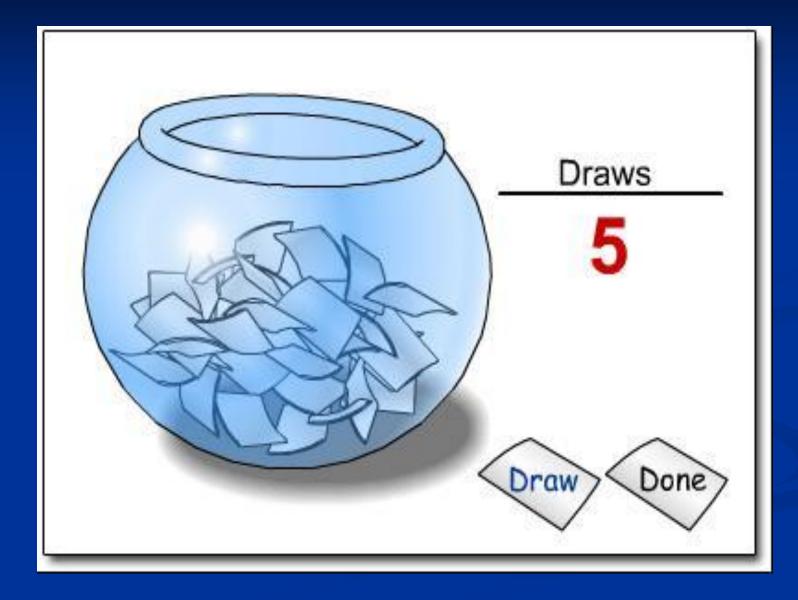
Congratulations for staying abstinent from opiates.

Your abstinence from opiates is shown on the graph below. A flat line for a given day indicates that you were positive for opiates for that day. An upward sloping line indicates that you were negative for that day.

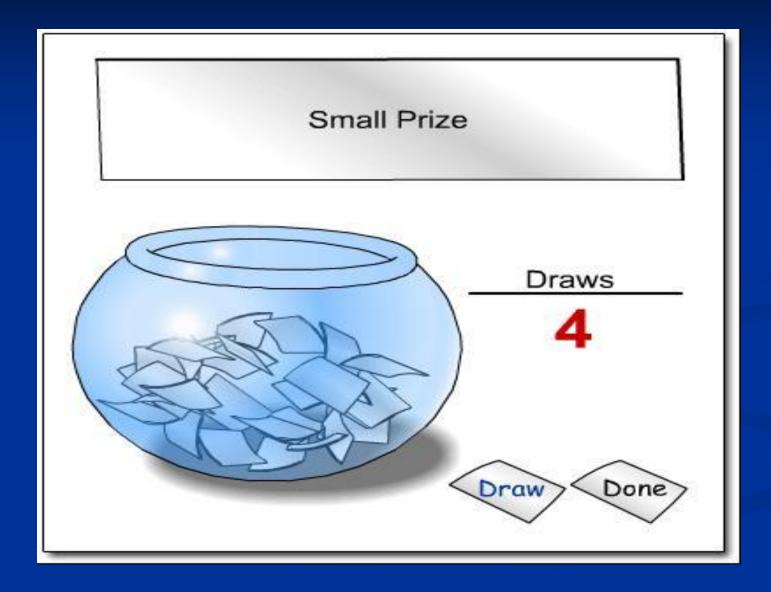


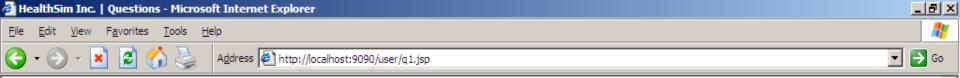


Virtual "Fishbowl" Example



Example of Prize Incentive in Virtual "Fishbowl"





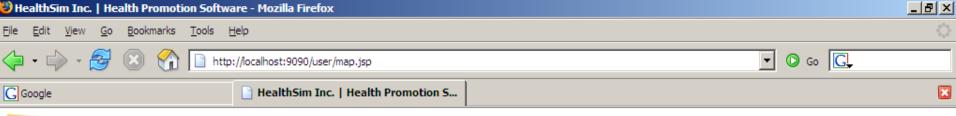
Please provide an answer to the questions below.

For each question below, click on "Yes" or "No". After you've clicked on an answer to each question, click on the ">>" button to continue.

Have you been exposed to any high-risk situations (e.g. high-risk for drug use) since your last clinic visit? O Yes O No

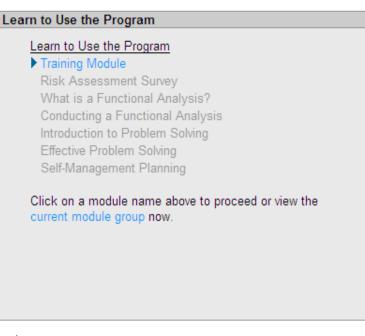
Do you expect to be exposed to any high-risk situations between now and your next clinic visit? O Yes O No

Click the (>>) button to continue >>

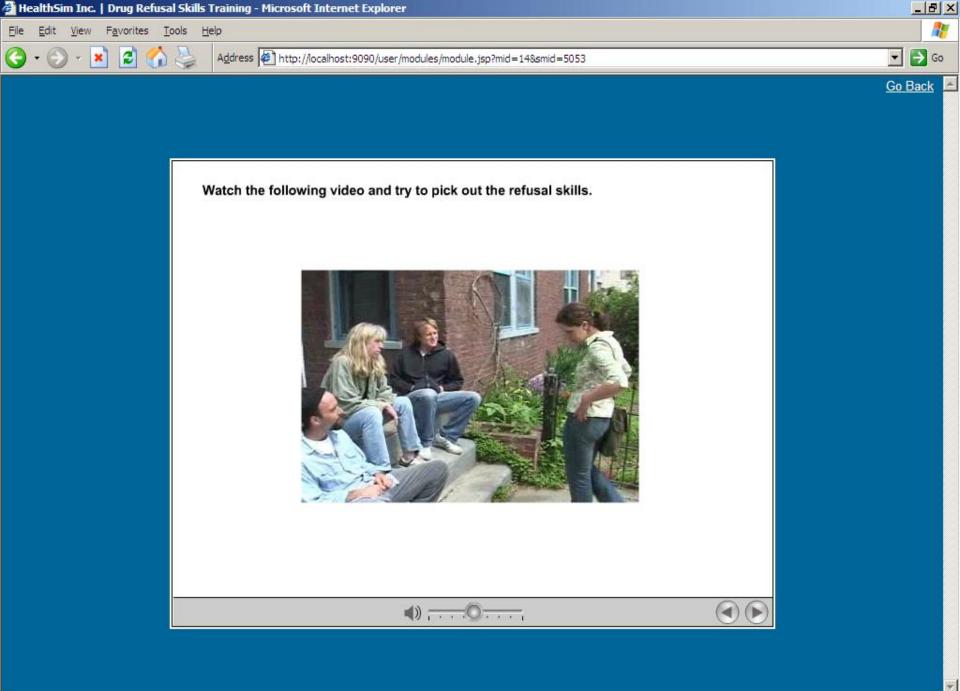


Home

HealthSim



► = Current Module = = Incomplete = Completed = Not Yet Available



File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

×

2

Address Address http://localhost:9090/user/modules/module.jsp?mid=14&smid=5053

Kate did a good job saying the right things, but her body language was not convincing at all, and drug abusers are generally very good at reading between the lines. Body language is important.

_ 8 ×

🔿 Go

-

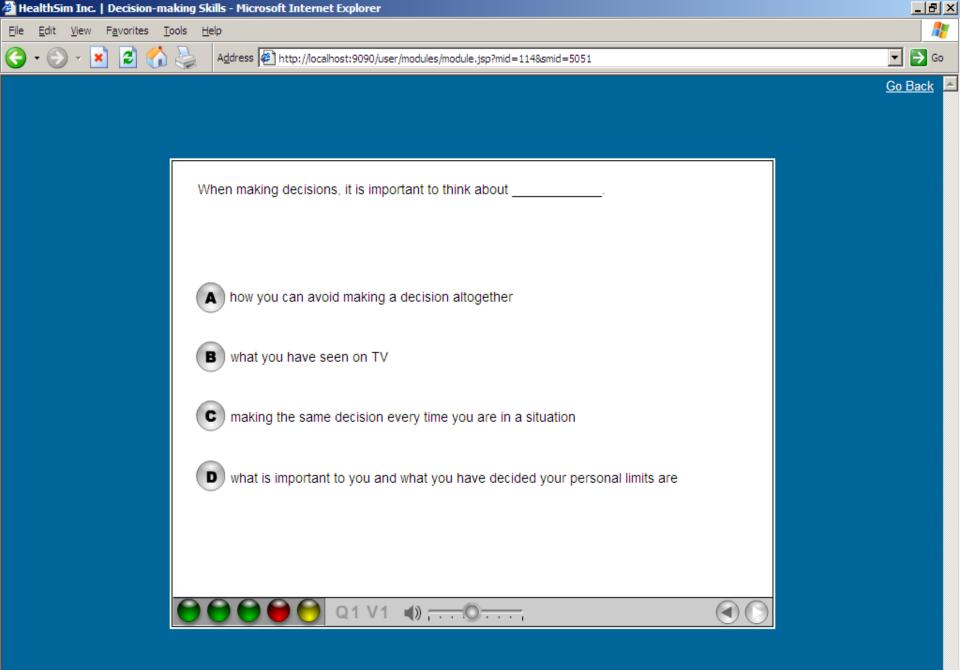
Local intranet

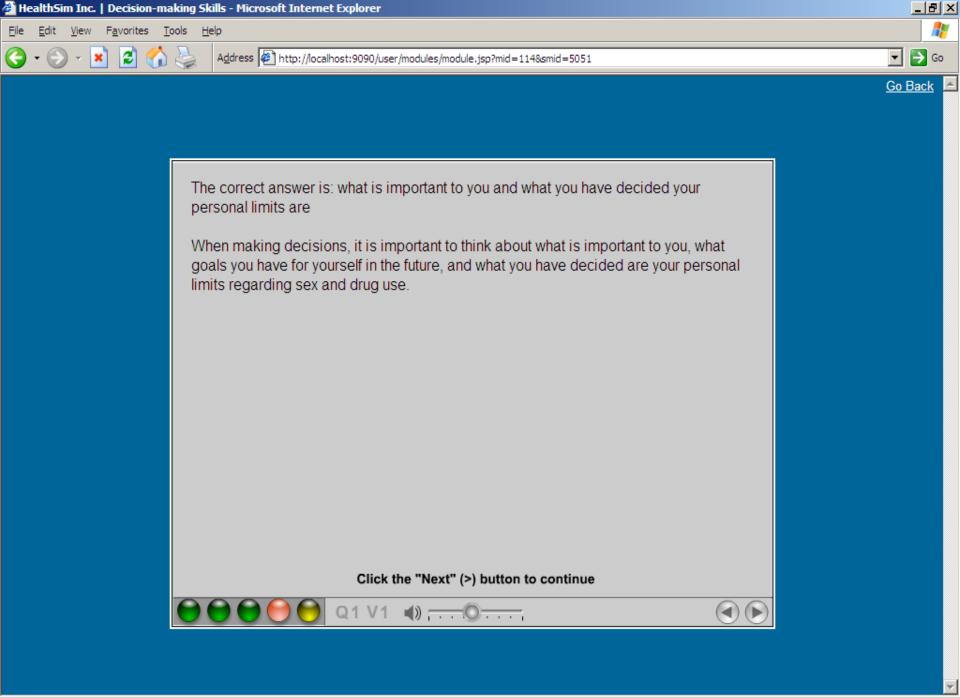
Go Back

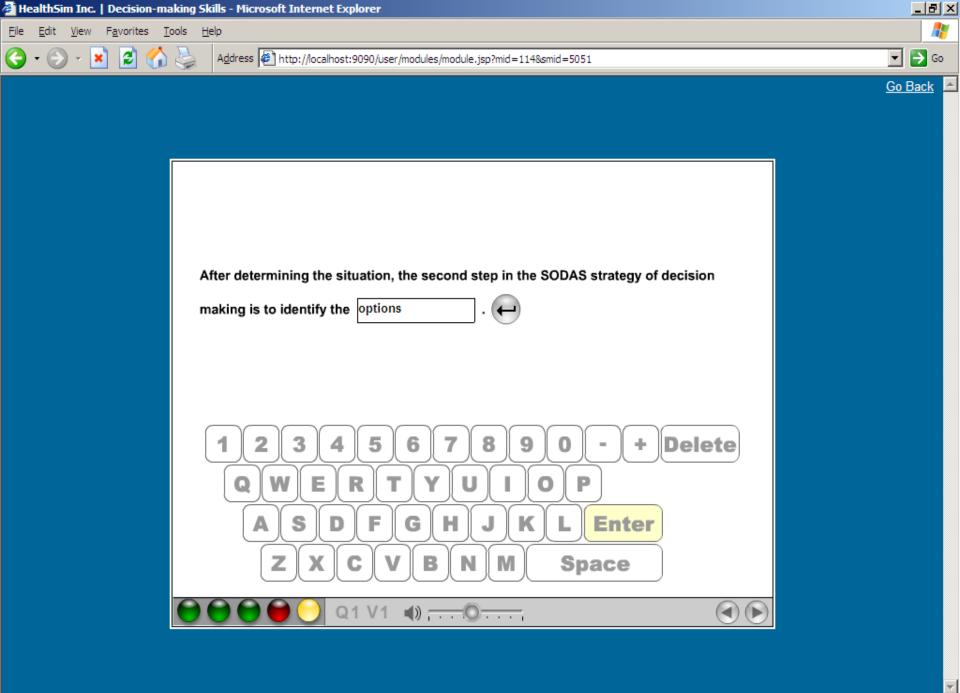
- Make continuous eye contact; look directly at the person when you answer.
- Your expression and tone should clearly show that you are serious. For example, smiling when you respond may suggest that you are not serious.

Watch the scene again and notice Kate's body language.









<u>Involving Members of Target Audience in Program</u> <u>Development is Critical.</u>

Our Iterative Development Process:

- Expert Input
- Focus Groups with members of target audience to provide input into program development
- Development of Beta version
- "Feedback Sessions" on Beta version from experts
- "Feedback Sessions" on Beta version from members of target audience
- Development of "Gold version" of program

Evidence-Based Informational Technologies are Critical –

Interactivity – Responsiveness of the program to the behavior of the user and ability of the user to modify or control the presentation

Modularity - User can access different portions of the program and move from one portion to another; user can access portions of relevance to them

Computer-Based Informational Technologies employed in our Interventions

Fluency-Based Computer-Assisted Instruction (CAI)

A learning technology that involves testing, providing immediate feedback, & requiring participants to demonstrate mastery of the information & skills being learned

- Selectively presents information
- Requires active, overt responding by the user to multiple choice and fill-in-the-blank questions
- Evaluates and provides immediate feedback on user's responses
- Read & Response timing parameters" are manipulated in promoting fluency

Interactive Video-based Computer Simulation

- Simulates real-world experiences and enables "what if" scenarios & behavioral modeling
- Enables exploration of various behavioral choices in "experiential learning" paradigm

Multimedia Approaches may be useful to appeal to different types of learners:

Audio to accompany text for those with reading challenges and to enhance learning

Graphics/animation/videos to illustrate key concepts and model target behaviors

Interactive exercises to enhance learning and personalize content (e.g., functional analysis/self-management planning; setting and tracking progress toward individual treatment goals)

Consider what technology can enable that may not be possible via traditional methods, and similarly consider what technology can not optimally provide in the same manner as traditional approaches:

e.g., Having a therapist communicate directly with patients online does not optimize cost-savings and reach as much as a self-directed computerized program.

Role playing in therapy sessions may not be presented in the same way when addressed via technology-based interventions.

Web-based interventions have distinct advantages over CD-ROM based interventions:

Enables widespread deployment from a central site

Updates can be readily and centrally deployed, as needed

Centrally tracks patient activity (using unique username and password) so patients can resume their use of the program where they left off

Allows for information about all user activity to be aggregated

Well-designed, Back-end Administrator Functions are Important:

To track patient progress ("dose" of intervention)

To view detailed reports of patient activity

To view aggregated patient data

To track patient earnings and expenditures in contingency management interventions

Examples of Administrative Features

Therapeu	Itic Educational Program <template></template>	add group
Group: Stan	dard Modules	up down add step rename delete group
Step 1		up down add mod delete step
up down de	el current Training Module	
up down de	l∣current ▶ What is a Functional Analysis?	
up down de	I current Conducting a Functional Analysis	
up down de	I current Introduction to Problem Solving	
up down de	I current Effective Problem Solving	
up down de	el current I Self-Management Planning	
Step 2		up down add mod delete step
up down de	el current Drug Refusal Skills Training	

Progress Report Print						
Three, Test [Test3]						
Date	Code*	% Accuracy	Module			
8/30/07 8:54:31 AM	S.M		Training Module			
8/30/07 8:54:37 AM	F.M		Training Module			
* Code Mapping: S=Start, F=Finish, P=Presentation, M=Module, MC=Multiple Choice, FIB=Fill-in-the-Blank						

Examples of Administrative Features

Enter Target Behavior Results				
Mo. Day Year Hour Min. 8 / 21 / 2007 9 : 57				
Today's Scheduled Target Behaviors				
Sample provided? O Yes C No				
Save Results Cancel				

ID: Date:	Test 08/21/07 10:01					
Cong	Congratulations!					
will rec	Thank you for your sample. You will receive \$7.25 for providing your sample. You will receive a voucher for: \$7.50 for providing your next sample. As of 08/21/07 10:01 your account balance is: \$7.25.					
	Print Close					

Examples of Administrative Features

Voucher History							
Treatment 1							
	Date	Result	Reset	Prediction	Points	Bonus	Amount
[view]	08/21/07 10:01	Pass	_	7.50	7.25	0.00	\$7.25
[view]	08/21/07 10:04	Pass	_	17.75	7.50	0.00	\$7.50
[view]	08/21/07 10:04	Pass	_	8.00	7.75	10.00	\$17.75
[view]	08/21/07 10:04	Pass	_	8.25	8.00	0.00	\$8.00
[view]	08/21/07 10:04	Pass	_	18.50	8.25	0.00	\$8.25

Account History					
Treatment 1					
Date		Description	Amount		
08/21/07 10:01	Voucher Deposit		7.25		
08/21/07 10:04	Voucher Deposit		7.50		
08/21/07 10:04	Voucher Deposit		17.75		
08/21/07 10:04	Voucher Deposit		8.00		
08/21/07 10:04	Voucher Deposit		8.25		
08/21/07 10:06	Bus Pass		-5.00		
		BALANCE:	43.75		
Credit/Debit Amt	Reason for Credit/Debit	Post			

<u>Well-designed, Security Features are Critical to Protect</u> <u>Confidentiality:</u>

Appropriate password protection

Encrypted Internet connection via 128-bit Secure Sockets Layer (the e-commerce industry standard for securing communications on the World Wide Web)

Concluding Comments

 A technology-based approach to intervention delivery creates new opportunities and outlets for intervention efforts and may greatly increase the availability of science-based interventions.

 It is critical to carefully consider program development and design when creating technology-based interventions to produce optimal learning and desired clinical outcomes.

For More Information

http://preventionsciencemedia.com

www.ndri.org/ctrs/cth.html